

MACON VIGOROUSLY SCORES BENNETT

Washington, Feb. 8 .- Demanding an investigation of the immigration com-mission provided for in a resolution he had introduced Representative Ma-con, of Arkansas, renewed his attack upon this commission in the house to

Mr. Macon vigorously defended his informant, J. H. Patten, secretary of the immigration restriction league, who was severely arraigned by Representative Bennett of New York, a member of the commission; in a re-

cent speech in the house.
"It is characteristic of the man to to characteristic of the man to proceed in the cowardly way in which the gentleman from New York has proceeded," thundered Mr. Macon, referring to the New Yorker's attack on Mr. Patten. Mr. Bennett was quickly

"I object," he said, and the members were all attention in anticipa-tion of a lively scene.
"I withdraw the remark," quickly responded Mr. Macon, and the tension

dissipated. Macon's speech was made in re ply to Mr. Bennett's defense of the commission and he renewed his charges that the committee had been extravagant. He declared official reports and expense accounts corroborated his assertions that its trip abroad in 1907 was "junket" and that the government had had no adequate return from the expenditure by the commission of \$657,953.

Personal Adornment Bills,

"Unless my resolution to create a is scandalous, the people will rise and smite the party that attempts to shield the commission that made it,

Six members of the commission

carriage charges, fees and tips, hotel bills, telegraph, wines, whisky, cogmineral waters, lemonades glaces and siphons, citrons, cigars

cleaning and pressing clothes, shaves, shines, haircuts, shampoos and rubs. "Such luxuries as wines and whisky, cornacs, lemonades, etc., were allowed by the auditor, but he disallowed when it came to shaves, haircuts,

Mr. Macon characterized the ston ping at high class hotels and partak-ing of their menus and beverages, as

feasting at public expense."

He asked Mr. Bennett to explain why he could take up time to engage in gorgeous festivities in Turkey, where his wife was decorated with he insignia of the "Order of Kind-ness," an ancient Turkish society, by the Sultan, if he could not find time draw a long breath in Paris, or st his eyes upon St. Peters, in cast his eyes upon St. Peters, in Rome. Tals was in reply to Mr. Ben-nett's statement that his trip to Paris was record-breaking for brevity

the official records, Mr. Macon charged that in the Holy Land, the com mission made a carriage trip from Je rusalem to Bethany and from Jaffa back to Jerusalem; that in London had a carriage to Ambassador Reid's and return; a carriage to the house of lords, to West Minster Abbey, to the tower of London, to Regent Square, and the British museum, that in Italy they had a carriage to the catacombs, that in Messina they had a ride in a Landau: that in Scotland they had a pleasure ride to the Castle of Edinburgh and in Ireland to

the famous Lakes of Kilarney.
"The commission wanted to find out the kind of immigrants that came to this country from all these places, including the Catacombs where sleep and decay the bones of the departed,"
said Mr. Macon, sarcastically. He
suggested that to have gone to Mr.
Bennett for his information, as Mr. Bennett suggested, would have been as practicable as to hunt "devils in Heaven, or saints in Hell.'

Election to congress, he continued was not conclusive evidence of in tegrity, nor did it make Mr. Bennet immune from attack.

Cells of Felons A much larger percentage of congressmen, whether members of the house or the senate have been charged with crime and made to stand trial for felonies and incarcerated in felon's cells, he declared, than of the sec retaries of immigration restriction

leagues. The very suggestion that one ought not to charge a congressman with having done wrong until the letter of every word of every fact charg-ed against him can be proven to a mathematical certainty, is so contrary what I believe to be right, that it

themselves against extravagance in the construction of that building. Morse, of New York, and Walsh of Chicago, both high up in life, defended their extravagant expenditures of

The library addition to the Union Printers' Home was erected at a cost of \$26,000. This money was voluntarily contributed by the membership of the International Typographical Union. The library houses 10,000 volumes, gifts of union printers and em-ployers throughout the country. The new building contains an up-to-date kitchen, with modern utensils, serv-ing room, refrigeration plant, bakery, store room, servants' dining room, etc. The Union Printers' Home is located at Colorado Springs, was erected and is maintained by the International Typographical Union, and its present physical value is, by competent real estate men, placed at one million dol-The Home is maintained by a lars. per capita tax of fifteen cents per month on the union printers of the United States and Canada

Washington, Feb. 8.-Seth Bullock of South Dakota, an intimate friend of former President Roosevelt, was to day confirmed by the senate other term as U. S. marshal.

of your consideration? Is it not a significant fact too that

M you are a poor sick invalid woman?

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Significant Fact

No other medicine for woman's ills has any such professional endorsement as Dr. Pierce's Favorite

Prescription has received, in the unqualified recommendation of each of its several ingredients by

scores of leading medical men of all the schools of practice. Is such an endorsement not worthy

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is the only medicine sold through druggists, for woman's peculiar weak-

nesses and ills, the makers of which are not afraid to print its every in-

gredient on its outside wrapper? Is this not worthy of your consideration

tion for the cure of exactly the same ailments for which this world-famed medicine is advised.

medicine of known composition. Don't do it. Insist on getting what you ask for.

The formula of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will bear the most critical examination of medical ex-

perts, for it contains no alcohol, narcotics, harmful, or habit-forming drugs, and no agent enters into it

that is not highly recommended by the most advanced and leading medical teachers and authorities of their

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authorities of this country, will be mailed free to any one sending name and address with request for same.

A booklet of ingredients, with numerous authorative professional endorsements by the leading medical

It's foolish-often dangerous to accept a substitute of unknown composition in place of this time-tried

merit "severe condemnation" for their connection with the Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Pool which col-lapsed on January 18, causing three stock exchange failures. Nothing stock exchange failures. Nothing more drastic than this can be found in the wording of the report of the special committee of the exchange made public tonight after an investigation of the fiasco.

The report gives the names of all

the participants and the number of shares they subscribed for and shows that in reality two pools existed. The names mentioned include some of the best known firms doing business on the exchange, in addition to Lathrop, Haskins and company, J. M. Fiske & Co., and Roberts, Hall and Criss, who were forced to suspend by reason of their entanglements in "Hocking

Coal" stock.

The parties to the two pools are given as follows: (Pool No. 1)—New-berger, Henderson and Loeb, 500 shares; J. M. Fiske & Co., 2,000 shares; Markoe and Morrison, 500 shares (assumed by Lathrop, Haskins Co.), James R. Keene, 3500 shares; Lathrop, Haskins & Co., 5,000 shares; Rollins & Co., 1,000 shares (for account of Lathrop, Haskins & Co.); Day, Adams & Co., 2,000 shares, (for account of Lathrop, Haskins & Co.); Jewett Bros., 1,000 shares, (for account of Lathrop, Haskins & Co.,) A. J. Fiske & Co., 1,000 shares (for account Lathrop Haskins & Co.); total shares.

(Pool No. 2)-Atwood, Violet & Company, 1,000 shares; Wagner, Dickinson & Co., 1,000 shares; Bishop, Laimber & Co., 1,000 shares; J. M. Fiske & Co., 4,000 shares; James R. Keene, 4,000 shares, Lathrop, Has-kins & Co., 7,000 shares, Tucker, An-thony & Co., 1,000 shares (for account of Lathrop, Haskin & Co., Van Schaick 1,000 shares (for credit Lathrop, Has-kins & Co.); total, 20,000 shares. Hugh F. Criss, board member of

the firm of Roberts, Hall and Criss, became the "specialist" in the stock says the report, after an interview with James R. Keene, supposed man-ipulator of the pool. The interview was had in the presence of members of the Lathrop, Huskins & Co. firm, the pool managers, and Criss, the re port adds, received a check for \$25, 000 for any contracts he might make

Much of the evidence taken by the committee is admitted to be conflict-ing especially that relating to the distribution of pool orders.

UNEMPLOYED SEEK SHELTER AT STATION

That work is not so plentiful as might be wished is evinced by the growing number of free lodgers applying to the desk sergeant at the city jail for a night's lodging. Compared with last year and previous years, the number of poor workingmen unem-ployed and unable to provide themselves with a bed is appalling, as a glance at the register in the sergeant's office at the station will show

According to the records, the figure "Unless my resolution to create a commission of three to investigate the extravagance of the commission is adopted, so the country will know that the extravagance I complained of the state of Pennsylvania defend that year. In 1908 the figures had risen somewhat, but were still much below present figures, while in 1909 about half the number for Feb. 7 and 8 of the present year applied for a ed their extravagant expenditures of trust funds. One of them is now trust funds. One of them is now the police register shows that the police register sho night's lodging. On last Monday night ics, is the opinion of the police officers and they are able to tell the

To the man who has always had a good warm bed at night and has nev-er known want these figures may not mean anything, but anyone who exer a little thought on the matter will realize what a hard proposition would be for these men did the po ice station refuse to allow sleeping room. Forty men without the necessary means for getting a night's lodging would undoubtedly mean greater number of cases, and the system of supplying free lodging to all who apply has probably a great deal to do with the present small number of arrests. For the 24 ending at 2:40, o'clock morning only one arrest had been made by the local police force. It is said by the police that at the present time there is less crime in Ogden than at any previous time during the last circular section. ighteen years.

Another noticeable improvement on the streets of the city is the lack of is still young. Members of the com

"panhandlers." At times these pests of humanity get so thick as to make walking on the streets down town at night a continuous performance of turning down beggars. When a num-ber of these men were allowed to work out twenty-days on the city rock plie recently, every time they were caught, the practice suddenly stopped. News of a town travels quickly on the road" and incoming 'hobos' meet fellow members of the great army of "sons of rest" on their way out, who tell them just what chance there is of getting through with confidence games. Where it becomes known that panhandling will be treated with a large doze of pick and shovel, hobos carefully avoid the locality where such a rule is in effect, or, if they do enter the city, take care not to be caught at their profession.

COLDS CAUSE HEADAOHES LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for full name. Look for the signature E. W. GROVE. 25c.

DEAN OF DRAMA AN OGDEN VISITOR

While William H. Crane dean of the American drama, expressed great pleasure at being able to play in Ogden, when interviewed at his hotel last evening, his being here being directly due to the disastrous washout on the San Pedro road, which made it necessary for the company to return to San Francisco and thence here by way of the Southern Pacific road. Cheyenne, Wyoming, and a few other towns had to be cancelled en-tirely from the booking of the com-pany, and it was only about one week ago when it was discovered that at least two days would have to be lost, that the management of the new Og-den theater booked Mr. Crane and his

Company to appear in this city.

Tonight at the new Ogden theater the play-going public will have an op-portunity, the first—and it may be the last they will have—to see the dean of the American stage, William H. Crane, in George Ade's comedy drama, "Father and the Boys," the play which prominent critics all over the United States have pronounced the greatest production of the pen of George Ade

In view of the fact that the company is the same to a player as the one which produced the play for such a long run at the Empire theater in New York and other eastern cities, and as the scenery is exactly the same as used before the show started out on the road, it is hardly necessary to say that this production will easily rank as the greatest thing in the way of an entertainment that Ogden has had for a long time. Attempts were made to secure the show for a matinee performance, but owing to the fact that the company arrived in the city too late to get the scenery staged this was impossible. Charles A. Moore, manager for Mr. Crane, said last night that it takes three or four hours to set up the machinery for the

play Last night Mr. Crane, accompanied by his manager and several members of the company, having nothing to do, spent the evening in the local mov-ing picture houses. After he had made a round of all the shows he said that he probably enjoyed this form of entertainment as much as the average playgoer enfoys a complex play, as he has very little chance to see such exhibitions "I love them," he

Quaint Reminiscences. This is the first time in his 47 years on the American stage that Mr Crane has ever appeared before an Ogden audience, and indications point to his being hailed with delight and wel-comed by a standing-room house. The famous actor had many quaint remin-ismences to reinte when seen at his hotel last night. "Although this is the he said. 'I suppose passed through here twenty times on my way to the coast. Not only is the first time I have appeared before an Ogden house, but it is the first time I have ever been outside of the railroad station and into the city proper. I remember, when we used to stop over here for an hour or so, would pass the time walking up and down the station platform. That was long before the present large and commodious building was erected, I guess, and at that time only a small wooden shanty took the place of the wooden shanty took the place of the railroad station. I am certainly g.nd I have had the opportunity of seeing what a fine little city you people bave here, and I intend to comb around in a warmer season some time and look it over. This should be a beautiful place in the summer une."

A Young "Old Man." Mr. Crane will complete his tour of the country, working his way back east, about the 1st of May, and on May 21 will sail for the baths of Bad Kissengen in Bavaria, where he spends his vacation every year. His wife will join him in New Orleans, as owing to heart trouble she is unable to stand the high altitudes and thus could not accompany him on this trip Although 65 years of age, Mr. Crane

last night told of how he joins the "boys"—as he calls them—every time they start out to baye a little singing on the railroad trains. A good insight to the spright character of the man can be gained from the statement that he has never achieved any notoriety through the divorce court or other prominent channels of scandal. Mr. Crane has produced more "Amprican plays by American authors," to use his own words, than any other actor in the United States. As only one chance to see him will be given the public of Ogden, it is expected that he will be greeted tonight pected that he will be greeted tonight with a packed house. From here the company goes to Salt Lake, where three nights are played, with a matinee performance, after which they go to Denyer for a week! to Denver for a week's engagement.

NEW YEAR OPENS

IN CHINATOWN

Prayers and incentations, the burning of pounds of incense, and the dis-charge of thousands of fire crackers and hundreds of larger bombs whose explosions reverberated throughout the business district marked the for-mal opening of the Celestial New Year in the Chinese quarter of Ogden at an early hour this morning.
Large numbers of spectators, amon.

whom were many women, gathered to witness the Oriental celebration. Simultaneously with the opening of the celebration here, similar "high jinks" were begun by the faithful sons of Confucious in every city of the land. The celebration, taking the form of prayers, and expressions of general good will, together with an exchange of presents similar to that which occurs during the Christian period of Christmas, and accompanied by general exultation in the form of fire works and pyrotechnics will con-tinue for several days. According to long established custom, the China man begins the new year with a clean slate and is supposed to pay all debts and establish himself on a basis of friendship with all previous enemies

HEAVY DAMACE SUITS ARE STARTED

Two accident cases of more than passing interest, one which was fa-tal, were brought into the limelight yesterday when suits amounting to \$90,000 damages against the Telluride Power company were instituted.

Henry Vere Ekins, by Henry B Ekins, his father, asks for \$40,000 actual and \$100,000 exemplary damages. Young Ekins, who is only 13 years of age, was climbing the steel tower of the Telluride Power company at Twenty-sixth street in this city, known as number 106 on the company records, on Oct. 16 last, when he inadvertantly came in contact with a live wire carrying around 80,000 volts. He was thrown to the ground and so badly burned and shaken up that it is claimed he will be disabled

for life. Somewhat similar, but fatal, was the case of 12-year old Fred M. Bram-well, who came in contact with a wire carrying about the same high current as in the Ekins case. The accident, which happened at Harrisville on November 13 last, caused the death of the lad almost instantly, and his father, J. S. Bramwell, asks for \$30,000 actual and \$10,000 exemplary damages, with costs. In both cases it is claimed that the company is endangering the lives of citizens by running such extremely high current without adequate methods of protect tion being taken.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

Intermountain Fair Association, Og-

den Utah.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Inter-Mountain Fair Association of Ogden, Utah, held on the 22d day of January, 1910, assessment No. 3 of \$1.00 per share (to pay for improvements made and debt now existing) was levied on the capital outstanding, payable immediately Ezra Richardson, Secretary of said association, office in the Scowcroft Watchouse, Wall avenue, fourth streets, Ogden, Utah.

Any stock upon which the assess ment may remain unpaid on the 5th day of March, 1910, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made be-fore so much of said stock as may be necessary will be sold on the 5th day of April, 1910, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the Weber County Court House by the Secretary of said corporation to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the ertising and expenses of EZRA RICHARDSON,

Washington, Feb. 8 - President Taft today sent a special message to con gress urging relief for a number of workmen injured on the Panama can al, prior to the passage of the ace of May 30, 1908, which definitely fixed the compensation to be allowed in jured employes or to be granted their families in case of death. In his message the president said:

"It needs no argument to establish the obligation which the government of the United States is under to provide relief for its employes who are permanently disabled or maimed and for the families of those who are thus injured or killed, through no fault of injured or killed, through no fault of their own, while employed upon work of such hazardous character as that connected with the construction of the Isthmian canal. This obligation is recognized by the act of May 30th, 1908, and by section 8, of the Panama canal bill, "H. R. 12316," now pending before the congress. It seems right that some general law should be enacted which will enable a reasonable allowance to be made to employes acted which will enable a reasonable allowance to be made to employes who were permanently disabled or maimed and to the families of those who were killed in accidents occurring prior to that date, through no fault of their own."

One Instance.

Father—You never heard of a man getting into trouble by following a good example -Yes, sir; I have—the counterfeiter.-Tit-Bits

Gained 93 Pounds Feels Like a Boy.



Started to Use Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, Weighed 147 Pounds. Now He Tips the Scales at 240 Pounds, and Feels as Healthy and Lively as He Did When He Was a boy.

He writes as follows:—"In this communication I wish to state facts which are facts. I was born in Ireland, and at the early age of 18 I was accidentally unhorsed at a hunt, receiving internal injuries, which I never overcame, though the best physicians on both sides of the recease were sought to discover my all. ocean were sought to discover my all-ment, but without success, until some ment, but without success, until some eight years ago a friend gave me, for a trial, half a bottle of Duffy's Pure Mali Whiskey (which he was then using him self for a general broken down complaint, as he called it), and the results accomplished by it were such that I continued to use it to the grand satisfaction of not only myself, but of my friends and acquaintances. and acquaintances.

"Before its use I weighed only 147
s. I now tip the scales at 240 and Ibs. feel as though I was a boy again, through the continuous use of your group elixir of life, to which many of my friends can attest with a like result." Patrick J. Quirke, 302 9th St., Troy, N. Y.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

as a renewer of youth and tonic stimulant is one of the greatest strength as a renewer of youth and tonic stimulant is one of the greatest strengthgivers known to science. It aids in destroying disease, and by its building
and healing properties assists in restoring tissues in a gradual, healthy, natural
manner, thus keeping the old young in spirits. It is a wonderful remedy in
the treatment and cure of consumption, pneumonia, grippe, bronchitis, cough,
colds, malaria, low-fever, stomach troubles and all wasting, weakened conditions, if taken in time and as directed.

If in need of advice, write Medical
Department, The Duffy Malt Whiskey
Company, Rochester, New York, stating your case fully. Our doctors will
send you advice free, together with a
valuable illustrated medical booklet,
containing rare common sense rules

containing rare common sense rules for health, which you cannot afford to thousands of gratifying letters from men and women in all walks of life, both old and young, who have been cured and benefited by the use of this great medicine. Sold everywhere by druggists, grocers or dealers or ship-ped direct for \$1.00 a large bottle.



GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY WILL AID PEARY IN SOUTH POLE CHASE

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Washington, Feb. 8 -- America has decided to seek for South Pole laurels similar to those won for her by Com-mander Peary at the North Pole. The National Geographic Society relay resolved to send an expedition in search of the South Pole, provided the necessary funds can be raised. It is not believed there will be any failure on this score. Commander Peary was notified immediately of the action.

Captain Bartlett, in command of the steeamer Roosevelt on Peary's trip to the North pole, probably will have charge of the Antarctic expe-dition. After a meeting late this afternoon the board of managers of the Geographic society, adopted the following resolution

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"The National Geographic society believes that it is of great importance to science, that tidal, magnetic and me-teorological observations shall be obtained at or near Coats O Land in the same period that O British expedition under Captain Robert F. Scott, R. N., is making similar observations on the other side of the Ant arctic area, 1800 miles distant and at the same time that this recently discovered land shall be explored.

"That the society is ready to accept Mr. Peary's proposi-tion that it shall undertake jointly with the Peary Arctic club an expedition to the Anoutlined above, provided that the board of managers, after consultation with members of the society finds that the project will receive sufficient financial assistance to warrant the un-It is thought probable that

the expedition may be ready to set sail as early as July The rapidity with which fin-ancial assistance is forthcoming will determine the date.

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Albany, N. Y, Feb. 8.—"The man who handled the money," was brought before the state senate today by State. Senator Conger to confirm Conger's charge that John P. Allds, its major-

ity leader, accepted \$1,000 for influencing legislation. He proved to be Hiram G. Moe, vet. cran ex-bank cashier of Groton, where Conger lives. He declared positively that at the capitol on April 23, 1901, he had handed Senator Alids an envelope containing \$1,000. The pur-pose for which this alleged transfer of money was made, did not appear in the direct testimony, but Senator Con ger filed an affidavit in which he de-clared that the payment was made upon Alld's bill "in the interest of the American Bridge company." Moe declared he gave \$4,000 to an-other legislator and \$1,000 to another.

COURT RESTRAINS

other legislator and \$1,000 to another.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 8.—Judge Willis Vandevanter of the United States court today rendered a decision in the injunction case which restrains the

coal mine at Gebo, pending the out kind office this week.

These cases involve the title to land values at \$1,500,000. The main line at Gebo must close, but smaller workings on the Carhart lands are not affected by the decision

Officials of the interior departme at Washington and the Lander land office are pushing the contest cas The hearing of the contest cases will begin at Lander on Friday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC TRAIN IN DITCH

Spokane, Feb. 8.—Northern Pacific passenger train No. 4 went into the ditch near Smead, Mont., close to the daho boundary line, last night. , De tails here are meager. Seven passen gers, including two soldiers from Fort George Wright, are reported as in jured, none fatally, however.

KING GUSTAVE RALLYING FROM THE OPERATION

Stockholmb, Feb. 8.-It was officially stated today that King Gustave was progressing toward recovery as rapidly as was to be expected, following last night's operation for appendicular to the control of t citis.

For three days the king had suffered with abdominal pains, an early diagnosis seemed to indicate they were due to catarrh of the stomach. On a more thorough examination, however, the physicians reached the conclusion that appendicitis had devel-oped, necessitating an immediate operation. At 10 o'clock last night the family, a which were spending the evening at a concert, were summoned to the pal-ace and soon afterward the operation was performed.

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Great Obbac Treatment This is a square deal. You sign nothing, no tes, make us no promises, except to take the derful Wasserman Test, the only blood

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READ THE CLASSIFIED PAGE. Owl Creek company from operating a 3449 RECTOR BLDG., CHICAGO, ILL-